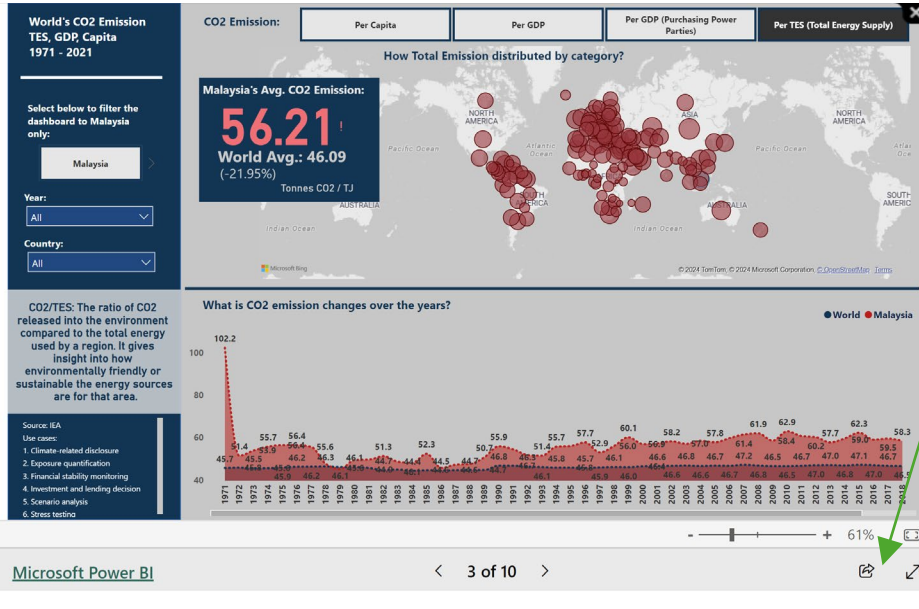


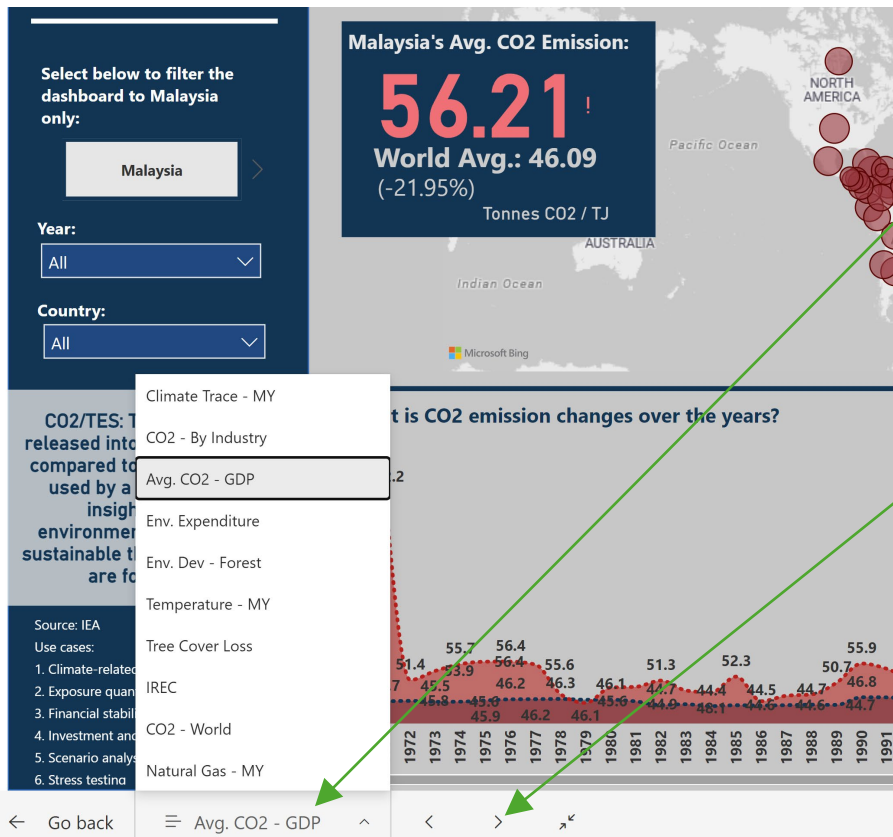
DASHBOARD GUIDE

Step 1 : Maximize the window



Click here to maximize the window

Step 2 : Select The Required Dashboard



Click here to open the menu of available dashboards

Or scroll through the dashboards

Step 3 : Use the Filters To Drill Down and View Relevant Report

The image shows a dashboard interface for CO2 emissions. At the top, there are four filter buttons: 'Per Capita', 'Per GDP', 'Per GDP (Purchasing Power Parties)', and 'Per TES (Total Energy Supply)'. Below these is a main title 'World's CO2 Emission TES, GDP, Capita 1971 - 2021'. A section titled 'Select below to filter the dashboard to Malaysia only:' contains a 'Malaysia' button, a 'Year:' dropdown menu set to 'All', and a 'Country:' dropdown menu set to 'All'. A green callout box on the right contains the text 'Use filters on the left panel and on the top', with three green arrows pointing to the 'Malaysia' button, the 'Year:' dropdown, and the 'Per TES (Total Energy Supply)' button. Below the filters, there is a definition of CO2/TES: 'The ratio of CO2 released into the environment compared to the total energy used by a region. It gives insight into how environmentally friendly or sustainable the energy sources are for that area.' At the bottom, it lists the source as IEA and provides six use cases: 1. Climate-related disclosure, 2. Exposure quantification, 3. Financial stability monitoring, 4. Investment and lending decision, 5. Scenario analysis, and 6. Stress testing.

CO2 Emission: Per Capita | Per GDP | Per GDP (Purchasing Power Parties) | **Per TES (Total Energy Supply)**

World's CO2 Emission TES, GDP, Capita 1971 - 2021

Select below to filter the dashboard to Malaysia only:

Malaysia

Year: All

Country: All

CO2/TES: The ratio of CO2 released into the environment compared to the total energy used by a region. It gives insight into how environmentally friendly or sustainable the energy sources are for that area.

Source: IEA

Use cases:

1. Climate-related disclosure
2. Exposure quantification
3. Financial stability monitoring
4. Investment and lending decision
5. Scenario analysis
6. Stress testing